Sleep Solutions:

Changes to routines brought on by COVID-19 can have huge impacts on youngster's sleep (and therefore your sleep)! Here are some ways to support getting back on track and getting those much-needed Zzzz's!



1. Sleep Schedule

Consistent bedtimes and wake up times support a healthy sleep rhythm and cycle. Maintaining them even though there's not the same rush in the morning will support better sleep! AGE GROUP

Infants 4 - 12 months old

Children 1 - 2 years old

Children 3 - 5 years old

Children 6 - 12 years old

Teens 13 - 18 years old

Bedtime routine

2. Nighttime Routines

Routines that progress from high energy/attention activities and gradually move to low energy/calm activities with reduced engagement will support getting to bed and falling asleep more quickly.

3. Bedroom Conditions

Optimal sleep conditions:

- Dim lights and/or light blocking shades
- Cool temperatures in the bedroom
- Noise machines or fans to drown out sound
- Preferred toys away/out of sight in bedrooms

4. Sleep Dependency

Comforting or transferable items that will help your child sleep, instead of **you** will limit wake ups throughout the night (for example, a special blanket or stuffed animal saved for bedtime only).



HOURS PER NIGHT

12 - 16 hours per 24 hour perio

11 - 14 hours per 24 hour peri

- 13 hours per 24 hour per

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5. Bedtime Behaviors

Talk to your Behavior Consultant to monitor sleep patterns and determine what is causing your child's sleep disruption. They can help you create a more individualized plan that works for your family.



 Gregory Hanley (2015), <u>Understanding and Treating Sleep Problems of Children</u>, Retrieved from http://babat.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/Sleep-GH_BABAT-10_15-2.pdf

Jin, Hanley and Beaulieu (2013). <u>An Individual and Comprehensive Approach to Treat Sleep Problems in Youna</u> <u>Children</u>. Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis. (9999), 1-20

